

Sketch the graph of the given equation and fill in the blanks for the given information.

1.)  $(x+2)^2 = -12(y+1)$   $p = -3$

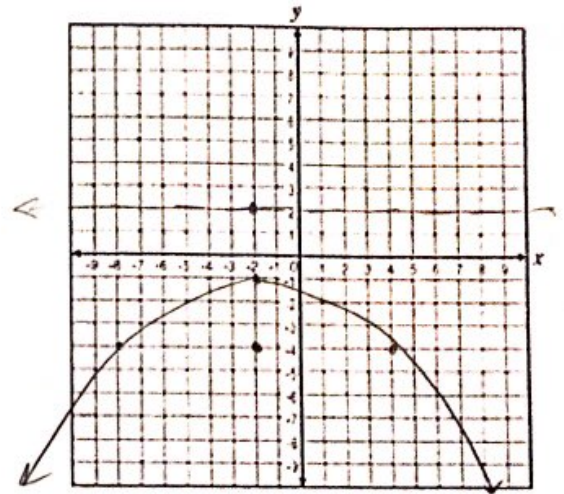
Coordinate of Vertex:  $(-2, -1)$

Direction it opens: *down*

Axis of Symmetry:  $x = -2$

Coordinates of Focus:  $(-2, -4)$

Equation of Directrix:  $y = 2$



2.)  $(y+2)^2 = 16(x+3)$   $p = 4$

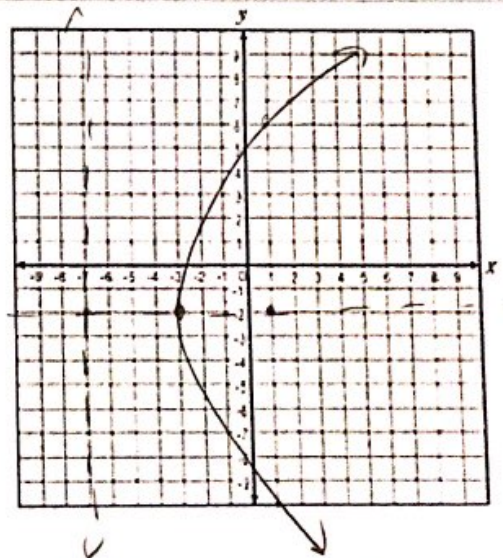
Coordinate of Vertex:  $(-3, -2)$

Direction it opens: *right*

Axis of Symmetry:  $y = -2$

Coordinates of Focus:  $(1, -2)$

Equation of Directrix:  $x = -7$



3.)  $(y-1)^2 = 8(x+3)$   $p = 2$

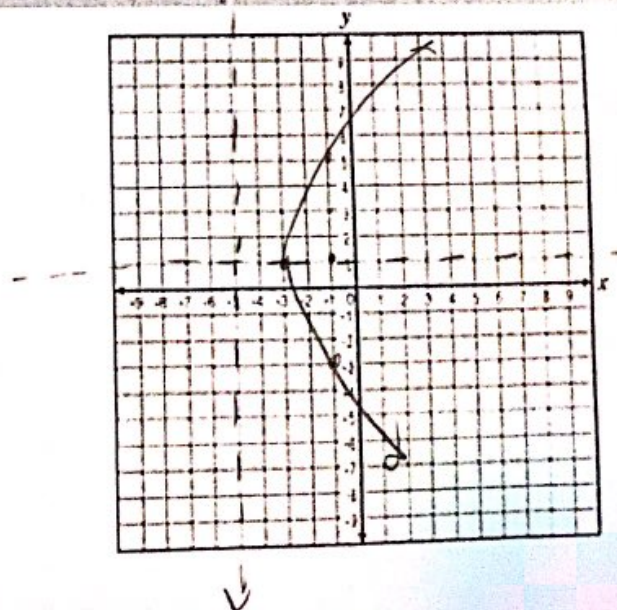
Coordinate of Vertex:  $(-3, 1)$

Direction it opens: *right*

Axis of Symmetry:  $y = 1$

Coordinates of Focus:  $(-1, 1)$

Equation of Directrix:  $x = -5$



4.)  $(x-1)^2 = -2(y-4)$

$p = -\frac{1}{2}$

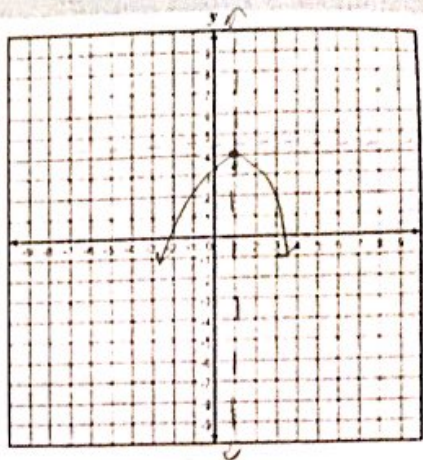
Coordinate of Vertex:  $(1, 4)$

Direction it opens: *down*

Axis of Symmetry:  $x = 1$

Coordinates of Focus:  $(1, 3\frac{1}{2})$

Equation of Directrix:  $y = 4\frac{1}{2}$



5.)  $(x-1)^2 = -2(y-4)$

Coordinate of Vertex:

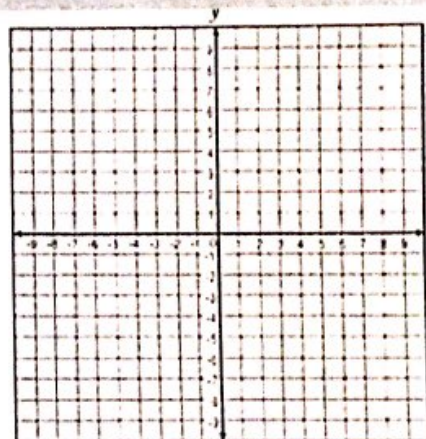
Direction it opens:

Axis of Symmetry:

Coordinates of Focus:

Equation of Directrix:

*OPS ↑*



6.)  $y^2 + 6y + 8x + 25 = 0$

$(y^2 + 6y + 9) = -8x - 25 + 9$

$(y+3)^2 = -8(x+2)$

Coordinate of Vertex:

$(-2, -3)$

Direction it opens:

*left*

Axis of Symmetry:

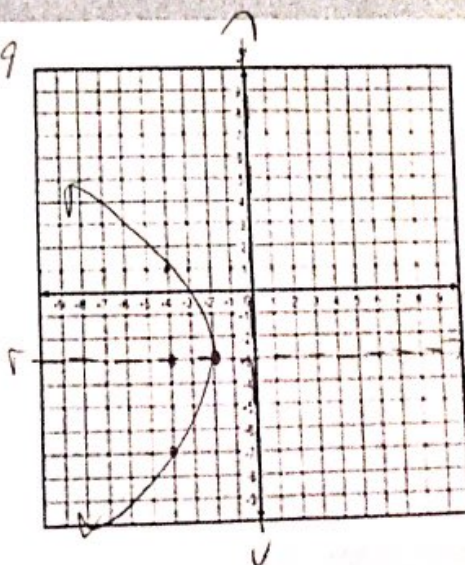
$y = -3$

Coordinates of Focus:

$(-4, -3)$   $p = -2$

Equation of Directrix:

$x = 0$



7)  $x^2 - 2x + 8y + 9 = 0$

$$x^2 - 2x + 1 = -8y - 9 + 1$$
$$(x-1)^2 = -8(y+1)$$

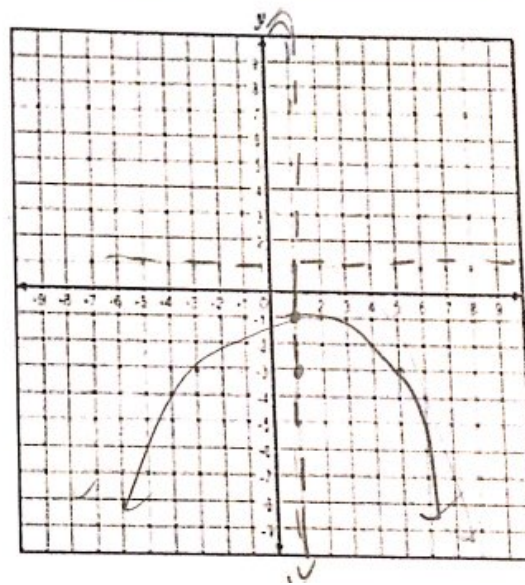
Coordinate of Vertex:  $(1, -1)$   
Direction it opens: down

$$p = -2$$

Axis of Symmetry:  $x = 1$

Coordinates of Focus:  $(1, -3)$

Equation of Directrix:  $y = 1$



$$8. y^2 = -12x$$

$$9. (y + 4)^2 = 8(x + 4)$$

$$10. (x + 5)^2 = -12(y - 6)$$

$$11. (y - 3)^2 = -8(x - 4)$$

$$12. (x - 1)^2 = 16(y + 5)$$

$$13. (y + 8)^2 = -8(x + 2)$$

$$14. (y - 1)^2 = -20(x - 5)$$

$$15. (y - 9)^2 = 4(x + 5)$$