3.4

Practice B

In Exercises 1–8, solve the equation using the Quadratic Formula.

1.
$$x^2 + 3x - 4 = 0$$

2.
$$4x^2 + 8x + 4 = 0$$

$$3. \quad x^2 + 5x + 20 = 0$$

4.
$$4x^2 - 3x - 5 = 0$$

5.
$$x^2 + 12x = 15$$

6.
$$3x^2 - 6x = -25$$

In Exercises 7 – 10, find the discriminant of the quadratic equation and describe the number and type of solutions of the equation.

7.
$$5x^2 - 4x + 2 = 0$$

8.
$$14x + 49 = -x^2$$

9.
$$-12h = 3h^2 + 1$$

10.
$$-2x^2 + x = 3$$

In Exercises 11 and 12, use the Quadratic Formula to write a quadratic equation that has the given solutions.

11.
$$x = \frac{10 \pm \sqrt{-68}}{14}$$

12.
$$x = \frac{-3 \pm 5i}{8}$$

In Exercises 18–21, solve the quadratic equation using the Quadratic Formula. Then solve the equation using another method. Which method do you prefer? Explain.

13.
$$7x^2 + 7 = 14x$$

14.
$$x^2 + 20x = 8$$

15.
$$x^2 + 2 = -x$$

16.
$$8x^2 - 48x + 64 = 0$$