

Solving Three Variable Systems

- Solutions will be ordered triples (x, y, z) .
- Possible solutions are: an ordered triple, infinitely many solutions or no solutions.
- Can use substitution or elimination to solve three variable systems.

Let's try one together.

$$(1, 4, -4)$$

(1) Solve: $x - 4y + 3z = -27$
 $2x + 2y - 3z = 22$
 $4z = -16$

$$\longrightarrow z = -4$$

$$x - 4y + 3(-4) = -27$$

$$2x + 2y - 3(-4) = 22$$

$$x - 4y - 12 = -27$$

$$2x + 2y + 12 = 22$$

$$x - 4y = -15$$

$$(2x + 2y = 10)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} | -4y = -15 \\ -1 \quad \quad -1 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -4y = -16 \\ \hline -4 \quad -4 \end{array}$$

$$y = 4$$

$$\begin{array}{r} x - 4y = -15 \\ + 4x + 4y = 20 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$5x = 5 \quad (x = 1)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} (2) \quad 2x - y + 2z = 15 \\ + \quad -x + y + z = 3 \\ \quad \quad 3x - y + 2z = 18 \end{array} \begin{array}{l} \xrightarrow{1} (x + 3z = 18) \\ \xrightarrow{2} 2x + 3z = 21 \end{array}$$

$$3 + 3z = 18$$

$$3z = 15$$

$$z = 5$$

$$-3 + y + 5 = 3$$

$$y + 2 = 3$$

$$y = 1$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -x - 3z = -18 \\ + \quad 2x + 3z = 21 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$x = 3$$

$$(3, 1, 5)$$

$$(3) \quad 2x - 5y + z = 5$$

$$2(3x + 2y - z = 17)$$

$$4x - 3y + 2z = 17$$

$$6x + 4y - 2z = 34$$

$$2(5) - 5(1) + z = 5$$

$$10 - 5 + z = 5$$

$$z = 0$$

$$(5, 1, 0)$$

$$-2(5x - 3y = 22)$$

$$10x + y = 51$$

$$-10x + 6y = -44$$

$$10x + y = 51$$

$$7y = 7$$

$$10x + 1 = 51$$

$$x = 5$$

$$y = 1$$

$$(4) \quad 3x - 2y + 4z = 15$$

$$x - y + z = 3$$

$$x + 4y - 5z = 0$$

$(3, 3, 3)$

$$\begin{aligned}(5) \quad & 2x + 3y + 4z = 2 \\ & 5x - 2y + 3z = 0 \\ & x - 5y - 2z = -4\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (5) \quad & a + b = 3 \\ & -b + c = 3 \\ & a + 2c = 10 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} a + b &= 3 \\ c - b &= 3 \end{aligned}$$

$$-1(a + c = 6) \rightarrow \begin{array}{r} a + 2c = 10 \\ -a - c = -6 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$a = 2$$

$$c = 4$$

$$b = 1$$

$$(2, 1, 4)$$