3.1 Practice A

In Exercises 1–6, solve the equation by graphing.

1. $x^2 - 6x + 5 = 0$ **2.** $x^2 - 6x + 9 = 0$ **3.** $x^2 - 25 = 0$ **4.** $x^2 - 4x - 12 = 0$ **5.** $12 = x^2 - 4$ **6.** $2x^2 - 3 = 5x$

In Exercises 7–9, solve the equation using square roots.

- **7.** $t^2 = 100$ **8.** $g^2 = 64$ **9.** $(y+2)^2 = 16$
- **10.** Describe and correct the error in solving the equation.

$$(x - 2)^{2} + 16 = 25 x - 2 + 4 = \pm 5 x + 2 = \pm 5 x = -2 \pm 5 x = 3 and x = -7$$

In Exercises 11–13, solve the equation by factoring.

11. $0 = x^2 - 4x + 4$ **12.** $x^2 + x = 6$ **13.** $m^2 + 4m = 0$

In Exercises 14 and 15, find the value of *x*.



In Exercises 16–19, solve the equation using any method. Explain your reasoning.

16.
$$\frac{c^2}{8} - 3 = 2$$
 17. $7v = v^2$

- **18.** $-3(p+2)^2 = 12$ **19.** $x^2 5x 24 = 0$
- **20.** Write a quadratic function in the form $f(x) = x^2 + bx + c$ that has zeros 2 and -12.