

Notes/Guided Practice: 5.3 Solving Trigonometric Equations**Solving Trigonometric Equations**

- **Isolate trig function. Factor or apply other quadratic strategies first, if necessary. Make use of fundamental trigonometric identities as needed.**
- **Depending on the period of isolated trig function, identify all solutions on the interval $[0, 2\pi)$ or $[0, \pi)$.**
- **State the general solution (which accounts for ALL solutions).**
- **List all solutions on interval $[0, 2\pi)$.**
- **Check your solutions!!!**

Example #1

$$2 \cos x - 1 = 0$$

General Solution:

List of all solutions on interval $[0, 2\pi)$:

Example #2

$$3 \tan^2 x - 1 = 0$$

General Solution:

List of all solutions on interval $[0, 2\pi)$:

Example #3

$$2 \sin^2 x + 3 \sin x + 1 = 0$$

General Solution:

List of all solutions on interval $[0, 2\pi)$:

Example #4

$$\csc x - 2 = 0$$

General Solution:

List of all solutions on interval $[0, 2\pi)$:

Example #5

$$2 \cos^2 x - 1 = 0$$

General Solution:

List of all solutions on interval $[0, 2\pi)$:

Example #6

$$\sec x \csc x - 2 \csc x = 0$$

General Solution:

List of all solutions on interval $[0, 2\pi)$:

Example #7

$$2 \sec^2 x + \tan^2 x - 3 = 0$$

General Solution:

List of all solutions on interval $[0, 2\pi)$:

Example #8

$$\cos x + 1 = \sin x$$

General Solution:

List of all solutions on interval $[0, 2\pi)$:

Example #9

$$\sin 2x = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

General Solution:

List of all solutions on interval $[0, 2\pi)$:

Example #10

$$\cos \frac{x}{2} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

General Solution:

List of all solutions on interval $[0, 2\pi)$:

Example #11

$$2 \cos 3x - 1 = 0$$

General Solution:

List of all solutions on interval $[0, 2\pi)$:

Example #12

$$2 \sin^2 2x = 1$$

General Solution:

List of all solutions on interval $[0, 2\pi)$:

Example #13

$$6\cos^2 x - 13\cos x + 6 = 0$$

General Solution:

List of all solutions on interval $[0, 2\pi)$:

Example #14

$$\tan^2 x - 8\tan x + 13 = 0$$

General Solution:

List of all solutions on interval $[0, 2\pi)$:

Example #15

$$4\cos^2 x - 2\sin x + 1 = 0$$

General Solution:

List of all solutions on interval $[0, 2\pi)$:
